

DOYEN PUBLISHERS SCHEMES OF WORK TERM II 2025 GRADE 5 ENGLISH

W	Ls	Strand/The	Lesson	Specific learning	Learning experiences	Key inquiry	Learning	Assessment	Ref
k	n	me		outcomes		Questions	Resources	methods	l
1	1	A GREAT TEACHER Reading	Intensive reading: Comprehension (Dialogues about 400	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Respond to direct and inferential	Learners is guided to: ☐ Make connections between the characters in the text and the	1. How do we tell the meaning of words?2. What	photographsnewspapersdictionariesdiorama	a) Reading aloudb) Dictationc) Oral interviews	
			words)	and inferential questions b. Use contextual clues to infer the meaning of words. c. Respond to direct and inferential questions for comprehension. d. Relate events in the story with their own experiences.	people they know. Relate events in the dialogue with their experiences. Answer direct and inferential questions based on the dialogue. Infer the meaning of words from the context (for example, from words occurring before or after).	makes you a good reader?	 flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 88-89 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.86- 87 	d) Question and answer e) Teacher- made tests	
	2		World classes: Determiners as quantifiers: Few/ a few, little/ a little, a lot, each, all, enough, most, least	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Identify quantifying determiners in a variety of texts b. Use quantifying determiners appropriately in a variety of contexts. c. Judge the appropriateness of quantifying	☐ List quantifying determiners that can be used with both countable and uncountable nouns. ☐ Read sentences containing quantifying determiners from the internet, in small groups ☐ Construct sentences using quantifying	 Which words do we use to show amount or quantity? 2. Why is it important to tell the quantity of something? 	 dictionaries diorama flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 90 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.88- 89 	a) Tasks such as multiple choice b) Discriminatio n c) Gap-filling d) Shortanswer e) Dialogue-completion, information gap	

			determiners in oral	determiners with nouns				
			and written texts.	in small groups.				
				☐ Complete sentences				
				by filling in gaps using				
				the correct				
				Quantifying				
				determiners.				
3		Creative	By the end of the lesson,	☐ Arrange different	1. Why do we	photographs	c) Peer	
		Writing	the learner should be	pictures logically to	enjoy looking at	 dictionaries 	assessment	
		Pictorial	able to:	write a story coherently,	pictures?	 diorama 	d) Self-	
		Composition	a. Choose possible	in groups.	• 2. What	 flash cards 	assessment	
		(120	topics for pictorial	☐ Write a pictorial	messages do	 Skills in 	learner	
		-160 words)	compositions.	compositions in small	pictures	English T.G	e) Portfolio	
			b. Create a composition	groups.	communicate	pg. 91-92	dictation	
			based on the visuals	☐ Proof read each	?	• Skills in	f)Standardize	
			or pictures	groups work and give		English	d writing tests	
			c. Judge visuals	feedback.		Learners		
			appropriately for	☐ Display their		Bk. Pg.89-		
			creativity in writing.	compositions in class.		90		
4	TECHNOL	Sounds /ə/ as in	By the end of the lesson,	Learner is guided to:	1. Why should	 dictionaries 	a) Oral	
•	OGY:	here, year ;/eɪ/	the learner should be	☐ Select words with the	we pronounce	dictionariesdiorama	reading or	
	LEARNING	as	able to:	sounds /ə/ and /eɪ/ from	sounds and		dictation	
	THROUGH	in make, brain	a. Identify words,	a dialogue.	words	• flash cards	recitations	
	TECHNOL	in make, brain	phrases or sentences	☐ Take turns to read a	correctly?	• Skills in	b) Role play	
	OGY		with the target	dialogue in pairs.	2. Why should	English T.G	c) Debates	
			sound.	☐ Interrupt	we listen to one	pg. 94-96	d) Oral	
			b. Pronounce sounds	appropriately.	another?	• Skills in	interviews	
			correctly for	□ View a video of	3. Why should	English	e) Dialogues	
			accuracy in speech.	conversation and list	you give others	Learners	f) Oral	
			a. Challenge others to	words or phrases used to	a chance to	Bk. Pg.92-	discussions	
			listen interactively	interrupt politely.	speak?	94	discussions	
			for effective	☐ Say the target sounds	• 4. How do			
			communication.	as modelled from a	you tell if			
			Communication.	recording.	someone is			
				☐ Make sentences with	happy or			
				words containing the	sad?			
				sounds: /ə /eɪ/.	sau:			
			<u> </u>	Sounds. /8/Cl/.				

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	5	Reading	Extensive reading: Extensive Fiction and Non-Fiction Texts (1000-1250 words)	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Select relevant reading materials from a collection of books. b. Read a variety of materials for information and pleasure. c. Judge the appropriateness of reading materials on the basis of interest, complexity and subject.	Learner is guided to: ☐ Skim through reading materials to obtain the main idea. ☐ Preview texts to determine suitability and relevance. ☐ Scan materials for specific details, in pairs ☐ Select appropriate reading materials from a library. ☐ Read the selected materials individually. ☐ Share reflections on the books read in groups. ☐ Keep a record of materials read.	 What kind of information do you find in books? Why is it necessary to read many books? 3. What do you consider when choosing a material to read? 		dictionaries diorama flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 96-97 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.94- 98	a) Reading aloud b) Dictation c) Oral interviews d) Question and answer e) Teachermade tests		
2	1	Grammar In use	Tense Future Time using will/shall	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Identify words that indicate future time in sentences. b. Use will and shall to express future time correctly. c. Collaborate with others to determine the correctness and appropriates of the tense used in own or provided texts.	Learner is guided to: ☐ Pick sentences which express future time from a text. ☐ Make sentences from a substitution table. ☐ Answer questions on future time using will/shall in pairs. ☐ Construct sentences using will/shall in pairs or groups. ☐ Role play activities they plan or wish to do in future in small groups.	 Which words do we use to show future time? How do you tell the time something happened? 3. What will you do tomorrow? 	•	flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 97-98 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.98- 99	a) Tasks such as multiple choice b) Discriminatio n c) Gap-filling d) Shortanswer e) Dialogue-completion, information gap f) Role play g) Simulation		

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	2	Writing	Mechanics of Writing Punctuation Use of the Commas	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a. Identify commas and double quotation marks in written texts. b. Use the comma and double quotation marks correctly in sentences. c. Advocate the use of correct punctuation in written communication.	Learner is guided to: ☐ Read a text in pairs. ☐ Identify punctuation marks used in the text in pairs. ☐ Use commas to show pauses between words, phrases or clauses. ☐ Complete sentences using double quotation marks and commas.	1. Which punctuation marks do you know?2. Why do we punctuate sentences?		diorama flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 98-99 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.100	a) Teachermade tests b) Learner journals c) Peer assessment d) Self-assessment learner e) Portfolio dictation f)Standardize d writing tests	
	3	DEAR DIGITAL CHILD	Pronunciation and Vocabulary: Interactive Listening	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: b. Construct sentences orally using words related to the theme. c. Use words and nonverbal cues to express different moods d. Challenge others to listen interactively for effective communication.	Learner is guided to: ☐ Take turns to read a dialogue in pairs. ☐ Interrupt appropriately. ☐ View a video of conversation and list words or phrases used to interrupt politely. ☐ Say the target sounds as modelled from a recording.	1. Why should we pronounce sounds and words correctly? 2. Why should we listen to one another? 3. Why should you give others a chance to speak? 4. How do you tell if someone is happy • or sad?	•	diorama flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 99-100 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.101- 102	a) Oral reading or dictation recitations b) Role play c) Debates d) Oral interviews e) Dialogues f) Oral discussions	
4	4		Poems (not more than 5 stanzas)	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to:	Learner is guided to: ☐ Skim through reading materials to obtain the main idea.	1. What kind of information do you find in books?	•	poetry books flash cards	a) Reading aloudb) Dictation	

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			 a. Select relevant reading materials from a collection of books. b. Read a variety of materials for information and pleasure. c. Judge the appropriateness of reading materials on the basis of interest, complexity and subject. 	 □ Preview texts to determine suitability and relevance. □ Scan materials for specific details, in pairs □ Select appropriate reading materials from a library. □ Read the selected materials individually. 	2. Why is it necessary to read many books?3. What do you consider when choosing a material to read?	•	Skills in English T.G pg. 100 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.102- 103	c) Oral interviews d) Question and answer e) Teachermade tests	
	5	Tense Future Time using will/shall	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Identify words that indicate future time in sentences. b. Use will and shall to express future time correctly. c. Collaborate with others to determine the correctness and appropriates of the tense used in own or provided texts.	Learner is guided to: ☐ Watch videos, computer, tablets, audio materials you tube which feature future time. ☐ Make predictions (events, weather among others using will and shall ☐ Create display charts with sentences which feature will and shall.	 Which words do we use to show future time? How do you tell the time something happened? 3. What will you do tomorrow? 	•	pictures and photographs flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 101 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.103- 104	a) Tasks such as multiple choice b) Discriminatio n c) Gap-filling d) Short-answer e) Dialogue-completion, information gap f) Role play g) Simulation	
3	1	Use of Double Quotation Marks	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Identify commas and double quotation marks in written texts.	Learner is guided to: ☐ Pick out sentences with double quotation marks in newspapers, magazines, articles or internet resources.	1. Which punctuation marks do you know?2. Why do we punctuate sentences?	•	flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 101-102 Skills in English Learners	a) Teacher- made tests b) Learner journals c) Peer assessment	

2 THE	Oral narrative	 b. Use the comma and double quotation marks correctly in sentences. c. Advocate the use of correct punctuation in written communication. By the end of the lesson, 	☐ Play punctuation games. ☐ Create posters or charts with sentences with double quotation marks and commas and display them in class. Learner is guided to:	1. Why should	Bk. Pg.104-106	d) Self- assessment learner	
FARM- CASH CROPS THE PLANTAT ION	featuring proverbs and sayings (about 130 words	the learner should be able to: a. List proverbs and saying in a narrative. b. Use words, proverbs and sayings appropriately in oral communication. c. Anticipate what is likely to happen as a story unfolds. d. Display varied emotions and feelings when listening to an oral presentation.	□ Listen to a narrative and select proverbs and saying. □ Search for vocabulary, proverbs and sayings in the internet □ Listen and view stories and songs featuring proverbs and sayings. □ Create posters and charts with common proverbs and sayings that the learners can relate to, in small groups. □ Display them in the classroom.	we pronounce words correctly? Which proverbs and sayings do you know? 3. Why are proverbs and sayings important in speech?	 course book story books poetry books dictionaries diorama flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 104-106 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.107- 108 	reading or dictation recitations b) Role play c) Debates d) Oral interviews e) Dialogues f) Oral discussions	
3 Reading	Fluency in Reading Texts of about 400 words	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Identify unfamiliar words in texts for fluency. b. Read a text accurately and with	Learner is guided to: ☐ Skim and scan through paragraphs for information, in pairs or small groups. ☐ Search for an article on a topic they enjoy, select a portion to read, set a goal of the words	 What makes someone a good reader? How long do you take to read a text? 3. What can you do to improve your 	 course book story books poetry books diorama flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 107-108 	a) Reading aloud b) Dictation c) Oral interviews d) Question and answer e) Teachermade tests	

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	Crommor	Use of	expression for fluency. c. Challenge peers and parents to read accurately, at the right speed and without hesitation.	to read per minute and time themselves as they read.	reading speed?	•	Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.109- 112	a) Tagles such	
4	Grammar in use	Double imperatives: how many/ could/would	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Identify double imperatives correctly in texts. b. Use question tags correctly in different contexts. c. Write correct sentences using double imperatives for effective communication. d. Advocate the correct use of double imperatives and question tags in communication.	Learners is guided to: ☐ Fill in gaps in sentences using double imperatives. ☐ Select question tags from a story, dialogue or poem. ☐ Match statements with the correct question tag to make a tag question.	some of your school rules? How do you give instructions? 3. Why do we ask questions?		course book story books poetry books dictionaries diorama flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 109-110 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.112- 113	a) Tasks such as multiple choice b) Discriminatio n c) Gap-filling d) Short-answer e) Dialogue-completion, information gap f) Role play g) Simulation	
5	Writing	Similes and Proverbs	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Identify similes and proverbs in a variety of texts. b. Use similes and proverbs in writing for self-expression. c. Create a narrative composition	Learner is guided to: ☐ Read narratives with formulaic expressions in print and digital format. ☐ List similes and proverbs in texts, in small groups. ☐ Create a clear and coherent story line using proverbs and similes.	 How do we make our compositions interesting? Which stories do you enjoy reading? 3. Which similes and proverb do you know? 	•	pictures and flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 110-111 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.113- 114	a) Teachermade tests b) Learner journals c) Peer assessment d) Self-assessment learner e) Portfolio dictation	

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4	1	ТНЕ	Listening and	featuring similes and proverbs. d. Advocate the use of similes and proverbs to enhance creativity in writing. By the end of the lesson,	☐ Compose a story featuring similes and proverbs, small groups. Learner is guided to:	1. Why should	• course book	f)Standardize d writing tests a) Oral	
		FARM	speaking: Sounds /k/ as in acre, cotton; /g/ as in grow, green	the learner should be able to: a. Construct sentences orally using words related to the theme. b. Pronounce words with the target sounds correctly. c. Display varied emotions and feelings when listening to an oral presentation.	☐ Make oral sentences using vocabulary. ☐ Practice saying words with the sounds /k//g/, in pairs. ☐ Create tongue twisters with the sounds /k//g/. ☐ Create posters and charts with common proverbs and sayings that the learners can relate to, in small groups. ☐ Display them in the classroom.	we pronounce words correctly? 2. Which proverbs and sayings do you know? • 3. Why are proverbs and sayings important in speech?	 story books poetry books pictures and flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 111-112 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.115-116 	reading or dictation recitations b) Role play c) Debates d) Oral interviews e) Dialogues f) Oral discussions	
	2		Fluency in Reading Texts of about 400 words	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Read a text accurately and with expression for fluency. b. Read a text at the right speed for fluency. c. Challenge peers and parents to read accurately, at the	Learner is guided to: ☐ Find a word or phrase from a word - chart within a stipulated time. ☐ Read aloud in unison as a whole class or groups (choral reading). ☐ Read a short passages from a poem reader's theatre materials, poems, and short plays. ☐ Echo or imitate a model intonation and expression as they read	 What makes someone a good reader? How long do you take to read a text? 3. What can you do to improve your reading speed? 	 course book story books poetry books pictures and photographs flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 112-113 Skills in English Learners 	a) Reading aloud b) Dictation c) Oral interviews d) Question and answer e) Teachermade tests	

		right speed and	a short paragraph or			Bk. Pg.116-		
		without hesitation.	sentence at a time.			118		
3	Question Tags on the Verb to be	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Identify double imperatives correctly in texts. b. Use question tags correctly in different contexts. c. Write correct sentences using double imperatives for effective communication. d. Advocate the correct use of double imperatives and question tags in communication.	□ Practice giving instructions related to the theme using double imperatives such as: Shut down your tablets and listen to the teacher. Type this word in your tablet and look up its meaning. □ Role play giving and receiving instructions at home using double imperatives. □ Use double imperatives to make rules for their class and display them in charts or posters	 What are some of your school rules? How do you give instructions? 3. Why do we ask questions? 	•	course book story books poetry books pictures and flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 114 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.118- 120	a) Tasks such as multiple choice b) Discriminatio n c) Gap-filling d) Short-answer e) Dialogue-completion, information gap f) Role play g) Simulation	
4	Creative Writing Narrative Composition (120 -160 words)	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Use similes and proverbs in writing for self-expression. b. Create a narrative composition featuring similes and proverbs. c. Advocate the use of similes and proverbs to enhance creativity in writing.	Learner is guided to: ☐ Read narratives with formulaic expressions in print and digital format. ☐ Engage in a dialogue to advance plot and story line. ☐ Write creative compositions using featuring similes and proverbs, individually. ☐ Create and display charts with proverbs and similes, in pairs or small groups.	 How do we make our compositions interesting? Which stories do you enjoy reading? 3. Which similes and proverb do you know? 	•	course book story books poetry books pictures and photographs diorama flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 115-116 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.120	a) Teachermade tests b) Learner journals c) Peer assessment d) Self-assessment learner e) Portfolio dictation f)Standardize d writing tests	

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	5	HEALTH-COMMUN ICABLE DISEASES - Visiting a doctor	Listening and speaking: Speaking Fluency Narrative of about 150 words	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Construct sentences orally using words related to the theme. b. Use vocabulary related to the theme correctly. c. Display appropriate emotions and feelings when making an oral	Learner is guided to: ☐ Construct sentences in pairs or small groups. ☐ Listen to a poem or narrative and identify words with the /h/ sound. ☐ Retell the narrative in own words in small groups.	1. Why is it important to speak accurately and express the right feelings? 2. How can you listen more attentively? • 3. Which words do you use to talk about	pictures and dictionaries diorama flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 119-120 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.122-128	a) Oral reading or dictation recitations b) Role play c) Debates d) Oral interviews e) Dialogues f) Oral discussions	
5	1		Listening and speaking: Speaking Fluency Narrative of about 150 words	presentation. By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Construct sentences orally using words related to the theme. b. Use vocabulary related to the theme correctly. c. Display appropriate emotions and feelings when making an oral presentation.	Learner is guided to: □ Listen to music and pick out sounds and vocabulary. □ Watch news at home for fun, and retell the interesting episodes to peers and friends in the classroom. □ Practice delivering the news highlights in the classroom. □ Recite poems on communicable diseases.	diseases? 1. Why is it important to speak accurately and express the right feelings? 2. How can you listen more attentively? 3. Which words do you use to talk about diseases?	pictures and dictionaries diorama flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 119-120 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.122-128	a) Oral reading or dictation recitations b) Role play c) Debates d) Oral interviews e) Dialogues f) Oral discussions	
	2	Reading	Reading intensive: Descriptive Fictional or Non- Fictional Texts (About 400 words)	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Identify the main idea in each paragraph. b. Visualize events, characters and	Learners are guided to: ☐ Make connections between events in the text and their experiences. ☐ Retelling the story in pairs. ☐ Use illustrations, the introduction and the title	1. How do you describe things?2. How can you tell what will happen in a story?	course book story books poetry books flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 120-121	a) Reading aloud b) Dictation c) Oral interviews d) Question and answer e) Teachermade tests	

3	Reading intensive: Descriptive Fictional or Non- Fictional Texts (About 400 words)	descriptions in texts for comprehension. c. Summarize the main points of a text. d. Challenge others to focus on detail when reading a text By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Identify the main idea in each paragraph. b. Summarize the main points of a text. c. Answers factual and inferential questions for comprehension. d. Challenge others to focus on detail when reading a text	of a text to make predictions. □ Describe in groups the characters, episodes and places in a text. □ Answer questions from a text. □ Say the main ideas from a text Learners are guided to: □ Make connections between events in the text and their experiences. □ Retelling the story in pairs. □ Use illustrations, the introduction and the title of a text to make predictions. □ Describe in groups the characters, episodes and places in a text. □ Answer questions from a text. □ Say the main ideas from a text.	1. How do you describe things? • 2. How can you tell what will happen in a story?		Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.123- 125 course book story books poetry books flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 120-121 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.123- 125	a) Reading aloud b) Dictation c) Oral interviews d) Question and answer e) Teachermade tests	
4 Grammar in use	Adverbs (manner, time, place, frequency)	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Distinguish between adverbs of manner, time place and frequency for effective communication.	Learners is guided to: ☐ Identify and list adverbs from a digital or print text, in pairs. ☐ Make sentences from a substitution table using the pattern how manycould/would. ☐ Fill blank with appropriate adverbs.	 1. How often do you come to school? 2. Which words describe when, how and where actions take place? 	•	course book story books poetry books pictures and flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 121-122	a) Tasks such as multiple choice b) Discriminatio n c) Gap-filling d) Shortanswer	

				 b. Use adverbs of manner, time, place and frequency in oral and written contexts. c. Judge the appropriateness of adverbs used in oral and written texts. 	☐ Construct sentences using adverbs of manner, time place and frequency. ☐ Recite poems containing adverbs, in groups.		•	Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.126- 128	e) Dialogue- completion, information gap f) Role play g) Simulation	
	5		Adverbs (manner, time, place, frequency)	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: d. Distinguish between adverbs of manner, time place and frequency for effective communication. e. Use adverbs of manner, time, place and frequency in oral and written contexts. f. Judge the appropriateness of adverbs used in oral and written texts.	Learners is guided to: ☐ Identify and list adverbs from a digital or print text, in pairs. ☐ Make sentences from a substitution table using the pattern how manycould/would. ☐ Fill blank with appropriate adverbs. ☐ Construct sentences using adverbs of manner, time place and frequency. ☐ Recite poems containing adverbs, in groups.	1. How often do you come to school? 2. Which words describe when, how and where actions take place?	•	course book story books poetry books pictures and flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 121-122 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.126- 128	a) Tasks such as multiple choice b) Discriminatio n c) Gap-filling d) Short-answer e) Dialogue-completion, information gap f) Role play g) Simulation	
6	1	Writing	Punctuation Marks Apostrophe	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Identify apostrophe in sentences. b. Punctuate sentences correctly using the. c. Collaborate with others to punctuate own or provided documents.	Learner is guided to: ☐ Listen to a short oral text and write the text with the correct punctuation marks. ☐ Underline the apostrophe and exclamation marks in a text, in pairs.	1. Which punctuation marks do you know?2. Why do we punctuate sentences?	•	course book story books poetry books pictures and flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 123-124 Skills in English	a) Teacher- made tests b) Learner journals c) Peer assessment d) Self- assessment learner e) Portfolio dictation	

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				☐ Construct sentences using apostrophe and exclamation mark. ☐ Watch online videos or slides about the correct use of apostrophe and exclamation mark.		Learners Bk. Pg.128	f)Standardize d writing tests		
2	WASH YOUR HANDS	Listening and speaking-speaking fluency Sounds: /h/as in health, heal	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. List words with sound /h/ from an oral text. b. Speak accurately, at the right speed and with expression on a given topic Display appropriate emotions and feelings when making an oral presentation.	Learner is guided to: □ Listen to a poem or narrative and identify words with the /h/ sound. □ Retell the narrative in own words in small groups. □ Listen to music and pick out sounds and vocabulary. □ Watch news at home for fun, and retell the interesting episodes to peers and friends in the classroom. □ Recite poems on communicable diseases.	 Why is it important to speak accurately and express the right feelings? How can you listen more attentively? 3. Which words do you use to talk about diseases? 	 course book story books poetry books pictures and flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 124-125 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.129- 130 	a) Oral reading or dictation recitations b) Role play c) Debates d) Oral interviews e) Dialogues f) Oral discussions		
3		Reading intensive: Descriptive Fictional or Non- Fictional Texts (About 400 words)	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Visualize events, characters and descriptions in texts for comprehension. b. Summarize the main points of a text.	Learners are guided to: ☐ Make connections between events in the text and their experiences. ☐ Retelling the story in pairs. ☐ Use illustrations, the introduction and the title	1. How do you describe things?2. How can you tell what will happen in a story?	 course book story books poetry books pictures and photographs newspapers flash cards 	a) Reading aloud b) Dictation c) Oral interviews d) Question and answer e) Teachermade tests		

4	Grammar in use	2 How manycould/w ould	c. Answers factual and inferential questions for comprehension. d. Challenge others to focus on detail when reading a text By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Construct sentences using how many could/would correctly. b. Use adverbs of manner, time, place and frequency in oral and written contexts. c. Judge the appropriateness of adverbs used in oral and written texts.	of a text to make predictions. Describe in groups the characters, episodes and places in a text. Answer questions from a text. Say the main ideas from a text. Learners is guided to: Identify and list adverbs from a digital or print text, in pairs. Make sentences from a substitution table using the pattern how manycould/would. Fill blank with appropriate adverbs. Construct sentences using adverbs of manner, time place and frequency. Recite poems containing adverbs, in groups.	1. How often do you come to school? • 2. Which words describe when, how and where actions take place?		Skills in English T.G pg. 126-127 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.131- 133 course book story books poetry books pictures and dictionaries diorama flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 127 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.133- 134	a) Tasks such as multiple choice b) Discriminatio n c) Gap-filling d) Short-answer e) Dialogue-completion, information gap f) Role play g) Simulation	
5	Writing	Exclamation Mark	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Identify exclamation mark in sentences. b. Punctuate sentences correctly using exclamation mark. c. Collaborate with others to punctuate	Learner is guided to: □ Construct sentences using apostrophe and exclamation mark. □ Complete exercises related to the apostrophe and exclamation mark online and offline. □ Create and display charts or posters with sentences in which	1. Which punctuation marks do you know?2. Why do we punctuate sentences?	•	course book story books poetry books pictures and dictionaries diorama flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 128-130	a) Teachermade tests b) Learner journals c) Peer assessment d) Self-assessment learner e) Portfolio dictation	

				own or provided documents.	apostrophe and exclamation mark are used, in groups.		•	Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.135- 136	f)Standardize d writing tests	
7	1	LEISURE TIME ACTIVITI ES - My hobby	Listening and speaking: Interactive Listening Choral verse	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Identify different moods in a narrative or a choral verse. b. Use words and phrases with the selected sound in sentences c. Interrupt appropriately during turn- taking for self-expression. d. Challenge others to listen interactively during conversations.	Learner is guided to: ☐ Listen to a narrative and retell it while expressing different moods or feelings. ☐ Construct sentences orally in pairs or small groups. ☐ Say words containing the sounds /s/ and /z/ in pairs or small groups. ☐ Discuss about appropriate turn-taking skills in the conversation. ☐ Engage in a conversation in pairs, focusing on turn-taking and interrupting skills.	1. How do you behave when someone is speaking to you? • 2. Which words do you use to join an ongoing conversation?	_	course book story books poetry books dictionaries diorama flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 132-133 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.137- 138	a) Oral reading or dictation recitations b) Role play c) Debates d) Oral interviews e) Dialogues f) Oral discussions	
	2		Sounds /s/ as in surf; and /z/ as in zoo	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Use words and phrases with the selected sound in sentences b. Interrupt appropriately during turn-taking for self-expression.	Learner is guided to: ☐ Construct sentences orally in pairs or small groups. ☐ Say words containing the sounds /s/ and /z/ in pairs or small groups. ☐ Discuss about appropriate turn-taking skills in the conversation. ☐ Engage in a conversation in pairs,	 1. How do you behave when someone is speaking to you? 2. Which words do you use to join an ongoing conversation? 		course book story books poetry books pictures and flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 132-133 Skills in English Learners	a) Oral reading or dictation recitations b) Role play c) Debates d) Oral interviews e) Dialogues f) Oral discussions	

			c. Challenge others to	focusing on turn-taking			Bk. Pg.137-		
			listen interactively	and interrupting skills.			138		
			during conversations.						
3	Reading	Intensive	By the end of the lesson,	Learner is guided to:	1. Why do you	•	dictionaries	a) Reading	
		Reading	the learner should be	☐ Skim through a text	read texts?	•	diorama	aloud	
		Factual	able to:	and obtain the main	2. What makes	•	flash cards	b) Dictation	
		Texts of About	a. Relate the ideas in a	idea.	you a good	•	Skills in	c) Oral	
		400	text with their	☐ Scan through a text to	reader?		English T.G	interviews	
		Words	experiences.	obtain specific	• 3. Why do		pg. 133-134	d) Question	
			b. Respond to factual and	information.	we make	•	Skills in	and answer	
			inferential questions	☐ Discuss and relate	notes when		English	e) Teacher-	
			correctly.	ideas with their	reading?		Learners	made tests	
			c. Summarize the main	experiences, in groups.			Bk. Pg.139-		
			ideas in the text for	☐ Read a text			140		
			comprehension.	independently.					
			d. Encourage others to	☐ Answer direct and					
			pay attention to detail	inferential questions					
			when reading.	from the text.					
				☐ Watch a video on					
				leisure time and write					
				the main points	4 77 1	-		\ T 1	
4	Grammar in	Conjunctions	By the end of the lesson,	Learner is guided to:	1. How do you	•	dictionaries	a) Tasks such	
	use	and, but, or,	the learner should be	☐ Listen to a short	join words or	•	diorama	as multiple	
		because,	able to:	dialogue and identify	sentences?	•	flash cards	choice	
		since, also, for,	a. Identify conjunctions	the conjunctions.	• 2. Why do	•	Skills in	b)	
		yet,	in texts for effective	☐ Make sentences from	you join		English T.G	Discriminatio	
		since	communication	a substitution table	words and		pg. 134-135	n	
			b. Use conjunctions	using but, or, yet,	sentences?	•	Skills in	c) Gap-filling	
			correctly in	because, since and also.			English	d) Short-	
			communication.	☐ Construct sentences			Learners	answer	
			c. Judge the correctness	using the conjunctions			Bk. Pg.140-	e) Dialogue-	
			and appropriateness	in pairs.			142	completion,	
			of conjunctions used	☐ Fill blank spaces				information	
			in oral and written	using conjunctions in				gap	
			texts.	sentences or paragraphs.				f) Role play	
								g)	
					1			Simulation	

	5		Conjunctions and, but, or, because, since, also, for, yet, since	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: d. Identify conjunctions in texts for effective communication e. Use conjunctions correctly in communication. f. Judge the correctness and appropriateness of conjunctions used	Learner is guided to: ☐ Listen to a short dialogue and identify the conjunctions. ☐ Make sentences from a substitution table using but, or, yet, because, since and also. ☐ Construct sentences using the conjunctions in pairs. ☐ Fill blank spaces	1. How do you join words or sentences?2. Why do you join words and sentences?	•	dictionaries diorama flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 134-135 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.140- 142	a) Tasks such as multiple choice b) Discriminatio n c) Gap-filling d) Short-answer e) Dialogue-completion, information	
				in oral and written texts.	using conjunctions in sentences or paragraphs.				gap f) Role play g) Simulation	
8	1	Ww;4: ~	Creative	HALF TERM Dy the and of the lesson	I componia covided to:	1. How do we	•		a) Teacher-	
9		Writing	Writing: Descriptive Composition ((120 -160 words)	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Describe people or things mentioned in a text. b. Create a descriptive composition related to the theme for effective communication. c. Collaborate with peers to critique a composition on the choice of words, creativity, relevance to theme and logical flow.	Learner is guided to: ☐ Read a sample composition from print or electronic sources. ☐ Talk about people or things in the text.	describe things or events? 2. Why is it important to describe things or events?		course book story books poetry books dictionaries diorama flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 135-136 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.142- 143	made tests b) Learner journals c) Peer assessment d) Self- assessment learner e) Portfolio dictation f)Standardize d writing tests	

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		Creative Writing: Descriptive Composition ((120 -160 words)	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Describe people or things mentioned in a text. b. Create a descriptive composition related to the theme for effective communication. c. Collaborate with peers to critique a composition on the choice of words, creativity, relevance to theme and logical flow.	Learner is guided to: ☐ Make sentences to describe how they spent their leisure time, in pairs. ☐ Organize the sentences to make a paragraph, in groups. ☐ Write a descriptive composition individually. ☐ Proof read their compositions, in pairs or groups.	 1. How do we describe things or events? 2. Why is it important to describe things or events? 	 course book story books poetry books dictionaries diorama flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 135-136 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.142- 143 	a) Teachermade tests b) Learner journals c) Peer assessment d) Self-assessment learner e) Portfolio dictation f)Standardize d writing tests	
3	TOO MUCH TELEVISI ON	Narrative in dialogue format (conversational narrative)	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Identify different moods in a narrative or a choral verse. b. Use words and phrases with the selected sound in sentences c. Interrupt appropriately during turn- taking for self-expression. d. Challenge others to listen interactively during conversations.	Learner is guided to: ☐ Listen to a narrative and retell it while expressing different moods or feelings. ☐ Construct sentences orally in pairs or small groups. ☐ Say words containing the sounds /s/ and /z/ in pairs or small groups. ☐ Discuss about appropriate turn-taking skills in the conversation. ☐ Engage in a conversation in pairs,	 1. How do you behave when someone is speaking to you? 2. Which words do you use to join an ongoing conversation? 	 course book story books poetry books diorama flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 137-138 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.144- 145 	a) Oral reading or dictation recitations b) Role play c) Debates d) Oral interviews e) Dialogues f) Oral discussions	

			1		1			
				focusing on turn-taking and interrupting skills.				
4	Reading	Intensive Reading Factual Texts of About 400 Words	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Relate the ideas in a text with their experiences. b. Respond to factual and inferential questions correctly. c. Summarize the main ideas in the text for comprehension. d. Encourage others to pay attention to detail when reading.	Learner is guided to: ☐ Skim through a text and obtain the main idea. ☐ Scan through a text to obtain specific information. ☐ Discuss and relate ideas with their experiences, in groups. ☐ Read a text independently. ☐ Answer direct and inferential questions from the text. ☐ Watch a video on leisure time and write the main points	 Why do you read texts? What makes you a good reader? 3. Why do we make notes when reading? 	 course book story books poetry books pictures and flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 138-139 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.145- 147 	a) Reading aloud b) Dictation c) Oral interviews d) Question and answer e) Teachermade tests	
5	Grammar in use	Conjunctions and, but, or, because, since, also, for, yet, since	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Identify conjunctions in texts for effective communication b. Use conjunctions correctly in communication. c. Judge the correctness and appropriateness of conjunctions used in oral and written texts.	Learner is guided to: ☐ Listen to a short dialogue and identify the conjunctions. ☐ Make sentences from a substitution table using but, or, yet, because, since and also. ☐ Construct sentences using the conjunctions in pairs. ☐ Fill blank spaces using conjunctions in sentences or paragraphs. ☐ Create a display chart of sentences containing	1. How do you join words or sentences?2. Why do you join words and sentences?	 course book story books poetry books pictures and dictionaries diorama flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 140 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.147 	a) Tasks such as multiple choice b) Discriminatio n c) Gap-filling d) Short-answer e) Dialogue-completion, information gap f) Role play g) Simulation	

					conjunctions, in small groups.					
10	1	Writing	Creative Writing: Descriptive Composition ((120 -160 words)	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Proof read their peers composition b. Create a descriptive composition related to the theme for effective communication. c. Collaborate with peers to critique a composition on the choice of words, creativity, relevance to theme and logical flow.	Learner is guided to: ☐ Read a sample composition from print or electronic sources. ☐ Talk about people or things in the text. ☐ Make sentences to describe how they spent their leisure time, in pairs. ☐ Organize the sentences to make a paragraph, in groups. ☐ Write a descriptive composition individually. ☐ Proof read their compositions, in pairs or groups.	1. How do we describe things or events? 2. Why is it important to describe things or events?		course book story books poetry books flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 141 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.147	a) Teachermade tests b) Learner journals c) Peer assessment d) Self-assessment learner e) Portfolio dictation f)Standardize d writing tests	
	2	SPORTS-APPRECI ATING TALENTS - I am a sports champion	Sound /ai/ as in my, mind, ride, wide	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Select words containing the target sound in sentences. b. Listen for words with the sound /ai/ from an audio text. c. Interpret a speaker's emotions and feelings correctly during oral presentations.	Learner is guided to: ☐ Listen to oral presentations (dialogues or poems on topical issues) containing words with the sound /aɪ/ ☐ Identify words with the sound /aɪ/ from texts. ☐ Make a three-minute speech based on the theme in groups.	1. Why is it important to listen carefully?2. How can we become better listeners?	•	course book story books poetry books dictionaries diorama flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 144-155 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.149- 150	a) Oral reading or dictation recitations b) Role play c) Debates d) Oral interviews e) Dialogues f) Oral discussions	

				e) Recite poems based on the theme.				
3	Reading	Intensive Reading Reading with Technology	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Relate ideas in the text to personal experiences. b. Creates mental images from the events, characters or places in a text. c. Judge the appropriateness of digital texts on the basis word choice, theme and interest.	Learner is guided to: ☐ Infer the meaning of words from context. ☐ Make connections between their experiences and events in the reading text. ☐ Create pictures, mimes, videos or crossword puzzles in small groups. ☐ Search and read texts from the internet in pairs and groups, online. ☐ Answer questions in pairs. ☐ Dramatize or role play the stories they have read online. ☐ Print the visuals obtained from online sources and share or display in a gallery.	1. Why is it important to relate what you read with your experiences? 2. What digital resources can you use in your reading? 3. Why are digital materials more interesting to read than print ones?	 course book story books poetry books pictures and diorama flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 145-145 Skills in English Learners Bk. Pg.150- 152 	a) Reading aloud b) Dictation c) Oral interviews d) Question and answer e) Teachermade tests	
4	Grammar in use	Use of Interrogatives When, who, how, why, which,	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Identify interrogatives in	Learner is guided to: ☐ Mention the words used to ask questions - how, what, when, why, who	1. Why do we ask questions?2. How do we ask questions?	dictionariesdioramaflash cardsSkills in English T.G	a) Tasks such as multiple choiceb)Discriminatio	
		how much, what else	sentences correctly.	 ☐ Use the Wh- words and How to ask questions. ☐ Use digital devices to practice constructing questions. 	4000000	pg. 147-148 Skills in English Learners Bk pg. 152-154	n c) Gap-filling d) Short- answer e) Dialogue- completion,	

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	5	Writing	Commonly Misspelt Words Homophones Homonyms	the correctness and appropriateness of interrogatives used in oral and written texts. By the end of the lesson the learner should be able to: a. Spell selected words correctly for effective communication. b. Use homophones and homonyms in sentences correctly c. Advocate the use of correct spelling of words among peers.	The learner should be guided to: □ Discuss in groups words they find difficult to spell. □ Make a presentation on correct spelling homophones and homonyms □ Write words from a dictation by the teacher or from an audio-visual recording. □ Use jigsaw puzzle to form words correctly in groups.	 Why do we write words correctly? Which words do you find difficult to write? 3. How do we learn to spell words? 	 dictionaries diorama flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 148-149 Skills in English Learners Bk pg. 154 	information gap f) Role play g) Simulation a) Teachermade tests b) Learner journals c) Peer assessment d) Self- assessment learner e) Portfolio dictation f)Standardize d writing tests	
11	1	READING USING A DIGITAL DEVICE	Non-verbal cues Short speeches or dialogues of about 130 words)	By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to: a. Select words containing the target sound in sentences. b. Construct sentences orally using words related to the theme. c. Interpret a speaker's emotions and feelings correctly during oral presentations.	Learner is guided to: ☐ Practice saying selected tongue twisters in pairs. ☐ Make a three-minute speech based on the theme in groups.	 Why is it important to listen carefully? 2. How can we become better listeners? 	 dictionarie s diorama flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 150-151 Skills in English Learners Bk pg. 155-156 	a) Oral reading or dictation recitations b) Role play c) Debates d) Oral interviews e) Dialogues f) Oral discussions	

2	Readin	Reading Reading with Technology	By the end of the lest the learner should be able to: a. Creates mental images from the events, characters places in a text. b. Answer factual an inferential questic correctly. c. Judge the appropriateness of digital texts on the basis word choice theme and interest.	□ Infer the meaning of words from context. □ Make connections between their experiences and even in the reading text. □ Create pictures, mimes, videos or crossword puzzles in small groups.	relate what you read with your experiences? 2. What digital resources can you use in your reading?	 encyclopa journals dictionar diorama flash car Skills in English pg. 152 Skills in English Learners pg. 156- 	aloud b) Dictation c) Oral interviews d) Question and answer e) Teacher- made tests
(ies stran	he end of the sub ad, earner should be able	Learner is guided to: Practice saying selectedtongue	1. Why is it important to listen	course book story books	a) Oral reading or dictation recitations

3	READIN	Non-verbal	By the end of the sub	Learner is guided to:	1. Why is it	•	course	a) Oral reading	
	G	cues	strand,	Practice saying	important		book	or dictation	
	USING	Short	the learner should be able	selectedtongue	to listen	•	story books	recitations	
	A	speeches	to:	twisters in pairs.	carefully?	•	poetry	b) Role play	
	DIGITA	or	a. Select words	Make a three-minute	 How can we 		books	c) Debates	
	L	dialogues	containing thetarget	speechbased on the	become	•	dictionaries	d) Oral	
	DEVICE	ofabout	sound in sentences.	theme in groups.	better	•	diorama	interviews	
		130	b. Construct sentences	e) Recite poems	listeners?	•	flash cards	e) Dialogues	
		words)	orallyusing words	based on thetheme.		•	Skills in	f) Oral	
			related to thetheme.	f) Interpret non-			English	discussions	
			c. Interpret a	verbal cuescorrectly.			T.G pg.		
			speaker's	Š			150-151		
			emotions and			•	Skills in		
			feelingscorrectly						
			during oral						
			presentations.						

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4	Reading	Intensive	By the end of the sub	Learner is guided to:	1. Why	 course book 	a) Reading	
		Reading	strand, the learner	Infer the meaning of _	is it	 story books 	aloud	
		Reading	should be able to:	wordsfrom context.	important to	 poetry books 	b) Dictation	
		with	a. Creates mental images	Make connections	relate what	 encyclopedia 	c) Oral	
		Technology	fromthe events,	between their	you read	 journals 	interviews	
		<i></i>	characters or places in	experiences and events	withyour	 dictionaries 	d) Question	
			a text.	inthe reading text.	experiences?	 diorama 	and answer	
			b. Answer factual	Create pictures,	2. What	 flash cards 	e) Teacher-	
			and inferential	mimes, videos or	digital		made tests	
			questions	crossword puzzles in	resources can			
			correctly.	small groups.	you usein your			
			c. Judge the		reading?			
			appropriateness of		3. Why			
			digital texts on the		are digital			
			basis		materials			
					more			
					interesting			
					to read			
					• than print			
					ones?			

								"
			word choice, theme and interest.		Search and read texts from the internet in pairs and groups, online. Answer questions in pairs. Dramatize or role play the stories they have read online. Print the visuals obtained from online sources and shareor display in a gallery.	 Skills in English T.G pg. 152 Skills in English Learners Bkpg. 156-157 		
5		Use of Interrogatives Else andmuch	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a. Identify interrogatives in sentences correctly. b. Use interrogatives accurately in sentences. c. Collaborate with others todetermine the correctness and appropriateness of interrogatives used in oraland written texts.	1. Why do we ask questions? 2. How do we ask questions?	Learner is guided to: Mention the words used toask questions - how, what, when, why, who Use the Wh- words and How to ask questions.	 course book story books poetry books pictures and dictionaries diorama flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 153 Skills in English Learners Bk pg. 157-158 	a) Tasks such as multiple choiceb) Discrimination c) Gap-filling d) Short-answer e) Dialogue-completion, information gap f) Role play g) Simulation	
2 1	Writing	Commonly Misspelt Words Homophones Homonyms	By the end of the sub strandthe learner should be able to: a. Spell selected words correctly for effective communication. b. Use homophones and homonyms in	 Why do we write words correctly? Which words do you find difficult to write? How do we learnto spell 	The learner should be guidedto: Discuss in groups words they find difficult to spell. Make a presentation on correct spelling homophonesand homonyms	 course book story books poetry books pictures and photographs dictionaries diorama flash cards Skills in English T.G 	journals c) Peer assessment d) Self- assessment learner	

	2 ENVIRO NMENT	Sounds /f/ as purify; as in;	sentencescorrectly c. Advocate the use of correctspelling of words among peers. By the end of the sub strand,the learner	words? 1. Why should we speak clearly and	Write words from a dictation by the teacher or from an audio- visual recording. Play spelling games in pairs; for example, scramble or scrabble. Use jigsaw puzzle to formwords correctly in groups. Make words from jumbledup letters. Learner is guided to:	pg. 154-155 Skills in English Learners Bk pg. 158-159 course book story books	e) Portfolio dictation f)Standardized writing tests a) Oral reading or dictation recitations	
	AL	and /v/ as	should be able to:	confidently?	•	poetry books	dictation recitations	
	POLLUTION - Please stop!	in vapour preserve,	 a. Pronounce words with selected sounds accuratelyfor effective communication. b. Speak accurately, withouthesitation and with expression. c. Challenge others to speakaccurately, at the right speed and to display appropriate expressions during oral presentations. 	2. Why do we makespeeches?	Say words containing thesounds /f/ and /v/ in small groups. Pronounce the words relatedto the theme correctly. Construct oral sentences using vocabulary learnt. Listen to a recorded speech from a digital device. Make short speeches using vocabulary learnt, and appropriate non- verbal cues.	 pictures a photograp dictionari diorama flash card Skills in English T pg.157-19 Skills in English Learners Bk pg. 161-1 	c) Debates d) Oral interviews e) Dialogues f) Oral discussions	

3	Sounds /f/ as purify; as in; and /v/ as in vapour preserve,	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: d. Pronounce words with selected sounds accurately for effective communication. e. Speak accurately, withouthesitation and with expression. f. Challenge others to speak accurately, at	1. Why should we speak clearly and confidently? 2. Why do we make speeches?	Learner is guided to: Say words containing thesounds /f/ and /v/ in small groups. Pronounce the words related to the theme correctly. Construct oral sentences using vocabulary learnt. Listen to a recorded speech from a digital	 course book story books poetry books pictures and photographs dictionaries diorama flash cards Skills in English T.G pg. 157-158 Skills in 	a) Oral reading or dictation recitations b) Role play c) Debates d) Oral interviews e) Dialogues f) Oral discussions
		withouthesitation and with expression.		sentencesusing vocabulary learnt.	English T.G pg. 157-158	f) Oral