



# SENIOR SCHOOL CURRICULUM DESIGN

**GRADE 10** 

**FRENCH** 



KENYA INSTITUTE OF CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT 2024

DRAFT





## KENYA INSTITUTE OF CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

Nurturing Every Learner's Potential

# SENIOR SCHOOL CURRICULUM DESIGN

**GRADE 10** 

**FRENCH** 

**JUNE, 2024** 



#### First Published in 2024

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ISBN: 978-9914-52-925-8

Published and printed by Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development



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#### NATIONAL GOALS OF EDUCATION

Education in Kenya should:

#### 1. Foster nationalism and patriotism and promote national unity.

Kenya's people belong to different communities, races and religions, but these differences need not divide them. They must be able to live and interact as Kenyans. It is a paramount duty of education to help young people acquire this sense of nationhood by removing conflicts and promoting positive attitudes of mutual respect which enable them to live together in harmony and foster patriotism in order to make a positive contribution to the life of the nation.

### 2. Promote the social, economic, technological and industrial needs for national development.

Education should prepare the youth of the country to play an effective and productive role in the life of the nation.

#### a) Social Needs

Education in Kenya must prepare children for changes in attitudes and relationships which are necessary for the smooth progress of a rapidly developing modern economy. There is bound to be a silent social revolution following in the wake of rapid modernization. Education should assist our youth to adapt to this change.

#### b) Economic Needs

Education in Kenya should produce citizens with the skills, knowledge, expertise and personal qualities that are required to support a growing economy. Kenya is building up a modern and independent economy which is in need of an adequate and relevant domestic workforce.

#### c) Technological and Industrial Needs

Education in Kenya should provide learners with the necessary skills and attitudes for industrial development. Kenya recognizes the rapid industrial and technological changes taking place, especially in the developed world. We can only be part of this development if our education system is deliberately focused on the knowledge, skills and attitudes that will prepare our young people for these changing global trends.

#### 3. Promote individual development and self-fulfillment

Education should provide opportunities for the fullest development of individual talents and personality. It should help children to develop their potential interests and abilities. A vital aspect of individual development is the building of character.



#### 4. Promote sound moral and religious values.

Education should provide for the development of knowledge, skills and attitudes that will enhance the acquisition of sound moral values and help children to grow up into self-disciplined, self-reliant and integrated citizens.

#### 5. Promote social equity and responsibility.

Education should promote social equality and foster a sense of social responsibility within an education system which provides equal educational opportunities for all. It should give all children varied and challenging opportunities for collective activities and corporate social service irrespective of gender, ability or geographical environment.

#### 6. Promote respect for and development of Kenya's rich and varied cultures.

Education should instill in the youth of Kenya an understanding of past and present cultures and their valid place in contemporary society. Children should be able to blend the best of traditional values with the changing requirements that must follow rapid development in order to build a stable and modern society.

## 7. Promote international consciousness and foster positive attitudes towards other nations.

Kenya is part of the international community. It is part of the complicated and interdependent network of peoples and nations. Education should therefore lead the youth of the country to accept membership of this international community with all the obligations and responsibilities, rights and benefits that this membership entails.

#### 8. Promote positive attitudes towards good health and environmental protection.

Education should inculcate in young people the value of good health in order for them to avoid indulging in activities that will lead to physical or mental illness. It should foster positive attitudes towards environmental development and conservation. It should lead the youth of Kenya to appreciate the need for a healthy environment.



#### LEARNING OUTCOMES FOR SENIOR SCHOOL

By the end of senior school, the learner should be able to:

- 1. Communicate effectively and utilise information and communication technology across varied contexts;
- 2. Apply mathematical, logical and critical thinking skills for problem solving;
- 3. Apply basic research and scientific skills to manipulate the environment and solve problems;
- 4. Exploit individual talents for leisure, self-fulfilment, career growth, further education and training;
- 5. Uphold national, moral and religious values and apply them in day to day life;
- 6. Apply and promote health care strategies in day to day life;
- 7. Protect, preserve and improve the environment for sustainability;
- 8. Demonstrate active local and global citizenship for harmonious co-existence;
- 9. Demonstrate appreciation of diversity in people and cultures; and
- 10. Manage pertinent and contemporary issues responsibly.



#### THE SENIOR SCHOOL IN THE COMPETENCY BASED CURRICULUM (CBC)

Senior School is the forth level of Basic Education in the Competency Based Curriculum (CBC) that learners shall come to after the Pre-Primary, Primary and Junior School (JS). The essence of Senior School is to offer learners a Pre- University/ Pre- career experience where the learners have an opportunity to choose pathways where they have demonstrated interest and/or potential at the earlier levels. Senior school comprises three years of education for learners in the age bracket of 15 to 18 years and lays the foundation for further education and training at the tertiary level and the world of work. In the CBC vision, learners exiting this level are expected to be *engaged*, *empowered* and *ethical citizens* ready to participate in the socioeconomic development of the nation.

At this level, learners shall take **SEVEN** (07) learning areas (LAs) as recommended by the *Presidential Working Party on Educational Reforms* (PWPER). These shall comprise **Four Compulsory** learning areas, and Three learning areas opted for by the learner according to their choses Pathway. While English and Kiswahili are indicated as Compulsory, the learners who opt for these learning areas as their subjects of specialization shall go through a *differentiated curriculum* in terms of scope, experiences and assessment. Such learners shall; therefore, take *Advanced English* or *Kiswahili Kipevu* with additional two lessons. It is recommended that AT LEAST TWO learning areas should be from chosen Pathway. In exceptional cases, some learners may opt for ONE learning area from the chosen Pathway and a maximum of TWO learning areas from any of the three pathways; depending on the learner's career projections and with guidance by the principals at Senior School.



## PROPOSED LIST OF SUBJECTS AT SENIOR SCHOOL

<b>Compulsory Subjects</b>	Science, Technology, Engineering &	Social Sciences	Arts & Sports Science
	Mathematics (STEM)		-
1. English	5. Mathematics/Advanced Mathematics	22. Advanced English	36. Sports and
2. Kiswahili/KSL	6. Biology	23. Literature in English	Recreation
3. Community Service	7. Chemistry	24. Indigenous Language	37. Physical
Learning	8. Physics	25. Kiswahili Kipevu/Kenya Sign	Education (C)
4. Physical Education	9. General Science	Language	38. Music and Dance
	10. Agriculture	26. Fasihi ya Kiswahili	39. Theatre and Film
NB: ICT skills will be	11. Computer Studies	27. Sign Language	40. Fine Arts
offered to all students	12. Home Science	28. Arabic	
to facilitate learning	13. Drawing and Design	29. French	
and enjoyment	14. Aviation Technology	30. German	
	15. Building and Construction	31. Mandarin Chinese	
	16. Electrical Technology	32. History and Citizenship	
	17. Metal Technology	33. Geography	
	18. Power Mechanics	34. Christian Religious	
	19. Wood Technology	Education/ Islamic Religious	
	20. Media Technology*	Education/Hindu Religious	
	21. Marine and Fisheries Technology*	Education	
		35. Business Studies	



#### LESSON DISTRIBUTION AT SENIOR SCHOOL

The number of lessons in each of the compulsory learning areas shall be 4; while the optional areas shall be 6 lessons each. A lesson shall be 40 minutes. The "free" lessons shall be used for development of ICT skills, Pastoral Instruction Programme (PPI), projects, collaborative study and further reading.

#### ESSENCE STATEMENT

French is an international language with over 300 million users spread all over the globe. It is one of the official languages of the United Nations. Proficiency in French empowers the learners academically, socially, economically by providing them with increased opportunities for interaction, employment, and further studies. Thus, the learning of French facilitates the achievement of the national goals of education. In addition to the competencies acquired at Junior School, the learner at this level will continuously be exposed to the French language with a view to attaining an independent user level.

The proposed formal and informal learning experiences increase the learner's awareness, understanding, appreciation and use of the French language in social, cultural and academic contexts. Interactive and task-based activities are the pedagogical approaches which enable the learners to compare their own culture with others, acquire knowledge, develop skills and form requisite attitudes. Having successfully gone through the cycle, the learner should be adequately equipped with the necessary competencies to pursue further studies, fit in the world of work and enjoy the privileges, rights and benefits of a global citizen.



#### GENERAL SUBJECT LEARNING OUTCOMES

By the end of senior school, the learner should be able to:

- 1. Listen and respond appropriately to a variety of audio stimuli
- 2. Use spoken language to communicate effectively
- 3. Read to analyze texts on a variety of themes
- 4. Create various forms of written communication using varied media
- 5. Apply grammar effectively in all contexts of communication
- 6. Exhibit digital literacy skills responsibly in learning and communication
- 7. Apply acquired knowledge and skills to address pertinent and contemporary issues
- 8. Exhibit desired values and attitudes in all forms of communication
- 9. Appreciate cultural diversity for cohesive existence and global citizenship



## SUMMARY OF STRANDS AND SUB STRANDS

S/No	Strand	Sub Strand	Suggested Nuber of Lessons
1.	1.1 Listening and Speaking	<ul> <li>Informational listening</li> <li>Responsive Listening</li> <li>Comprehensive Listening</li> <li>Intensive Listening</li> <li>Discriminative Listening</li> <li>Informative Speaking</li> <li>Situational Speaking</li> <li>Persuasive Speaking</li> </ul>	48 Lessons
2.	1.2 Reading	<ul> <li>Extensive reading</li> <li>Reading for comprehension</li> <li>Reading for Vocabulary</li> <li>Extensive Reading</li> <li>Critical reading</li> </ul>	42 Lessons
3.	1.3 Writing	<ul> <li>Descriptive writing</li> <li>Expository Writing</li> <li>Process Writing</li> <li>Persuasive Writing</li> </ul>	48 Lessons



		Informative Writing	
4.	1.4 Grammar	• Infinitives Pronouns and Conjunctions	42
		• Prepositions, Adjectives & Imperatives	
		• Verbs, Negation &	
		Comparison	
		<ul> <li>Verbs: Infinitives and Imperatives,</li> </ul>	
		Pronominal / Reflexive verbs, Nouns	
		Voice	
		• Pronouns	
		En + nom	
		Qualitative Adjectives, Vocabulary	
		Infinitive and Imperative Forms	
		<ul> <li>Adjectives, Articles, Nouns &amp;</li> </ul>	
		Pronouns1	
		Adjectives, Articles, Interjections &	
Total Niv	mber of Lessons	Nouns	180

Note: The suggested number of lessons per Sub Strand may be less or more depending on the context.



Strand	Sub Strand	<b>Specific Learning</b>	<b>Suggested Learning Experiences</b>	Suggested
		Outcomes		Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 Listening	1.1 Listening	By the end of the sub	The learner is guided to	Why should
and Speaking	for information  ( 6 lessons)	strand, the learner should be able to: a) Summarize information from audio texts to confirm understanding, b) Break down information to comprehend main ideas from audio texts, c) appreciate improvement on language proficiency	<ul> <li>Listen to an audio text and distinguish sounds /ʒ/ as in <i>jeune</i>, <i>jour</i>, <i>jupe</i> and /ʃ/ as in <i>chat</i></li> <li>Use information from an audio text to identify physical attributes of a person ( <i>grand</i>, <i>petite</i>, <i>gros</i>, <i>belle</i>)</li> <li>play flashcard games collaboratively to internalize acquired vocabulary ( <i>s'appeler</i>, <i>parler</i>, <i>avoir</i>, <i>habiter</i>, <i>être</i>)</li> <li>answer guided questions from an audio text on introduction of friends, their birthdays, likes and their dislikes,</li> </ul>	you have good listening skills?



<ul> <li>interests of friends (Mon amie aimeElle déteste),</li> <li>respond appropriately to aural questions from downloaded items on likes and dislikes of different characters,</li> <li>writes short texts showing physical</li> </ul>
writes short texts showing physical attributes of different characters as portrayed from audio items .

Creativity and imagination: This is developed as the learner undertakes tasks on using information from aural texts that keep them working on a problem, adjusts and rethink their ideas until they find solutions.

#### Values:

Unity: This is enhanced as the learner displays team spirit as they collaborate with peers in card games to internalize acquired vocabulary.

## Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

Diversity: This is nurtured when the learner appreciates others' diverse differences during learning and carries out activities harmoniously with them.



Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 Reading	1.2 Reading for vocabulary  (6 lessons)	By the end of the Sub Strand, the learner should be able to: a) derive meaning of words from simple texts, b) read simple texts to pick out vocabulary to show understanding, c) show interest in reading simple texts.	<ul> <li>The learner is guided to:</li> <li>select varied forms of greetings from simple texts, [Bonjour! Bonsoir!]</li> <li>read flashcards with words on greetings and taking leave and rearrange them to form simple sentences,</li> <li>pick out vocabulary from a written text and use to communicate effectively in a social setup,</li> <li>match the vocabulary of members of the family to the given images [C'est mon père]</li> <li>read captions with images to acquire vocabulary on friends, members of the nuclear and extended family,</li> <li>find the meaning of the vocabulary in reading texts, collaboratively.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Why do we read?</li> <li>How do you identify words?</li> </ol>

Self-efficacy: This is brought out as the learner clearly reads and identifies vocabulary from texts.



## Values:

Unity: This is nurtured as the learner works together to find the meaning of the vocabulary in reading texts.

## **Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):**

Social awareness skills: The learner uses the vocabulary acquired to communicate effectively in a social situation.



Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s)
1.0 Writing	1.3 Informative writing  (6 lessons)	By the end of the Sub Strand, the learner should be able to: a) list vocabulary from varied simple texts with the correct orthography, b) construct simple texts using acquired vocabulary with the correct language patterns, c) show enthusiasm in constructing sentences following the correct language structure.	<ul> <li>The learner is guided to:</li> <li>underline vocabulary in texts about family and numbers.</li> <li>fill in missing letters to form words on numbers, family members and greetings,</li> <li>make letter flash cards and create words on family members in pairs,</li> <li>use selected words to create short simple sentences,</li> <li>rearrange jumbled-up words to create simple logical sentences,</li> <li>match vocabulary on the nuclear family to the correct images from texts,</li> <li>write simple texts to introduce members of one's family and friends, and displays it on the wall for others to read,</li> </ul>	What do you consider while writing simple texts?



• Critical thinking and imagination: This is developed as learners create simple logical sentences.

#### Values:

Responsibility: Is nurtured as learners accomplish tasks of creating flashcards with related vocabulary.

## **Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):**

Self-esteem: The learner develops self-esteem as they write about their family members and friends and display their work on the walls.



Strand	Sub Strand	<b>Specific Learning</b>	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key
		Outcomes		Inquiry Question(s)
1.0	1.4 Grammar	By the end of the Sub	The learner is guided to:	1. How do you
Writing		Strand, the learner should	• pick out personal pronouns and	introduce yourself,
	(10 lessons)	be able to:	match them to the correct forms	family and
		a) identify elements of	of verbs for oneself, family	friends?
		grammar in simple	members and friends [ je,	2. Why do you need
		texts,	il/ellenous, s'appeler]	to observe
		b) construct simple	• fill in the gaps with the	grammar in your
		sentences with	appropriate possessive adjectives	communication?
		correct language	to introduce members of the	
		structures,	family and friends, [mon, ma,	
		c) appreciate the	mes, ton, sa]	
		importance of	rearrange jumbled-up words to	
		language structure in	make simple texts,	
		communication.	match personal pronouns to the	
			correct form of the verbs,	
			source and watch audio-visual	
			materials with countries and their	
			nationalities jointly,	
			<ul> <li>play conjugation games to</li> </ul>	
			practice reading different forms of	



	verbs with peers. (S'appeler, habiter, être, parler, avoir), • seek guidance on how to conjugate verbs.	
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Digital literacy: This is fostered as the learner manipulates digital devices to source for audio-visual materials.

#### Values:

Unity: This is enhanced as the learner appreciates collaboration in learning while playing conjugation games collaboratively.

## **Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):**

Self-awareness: This is brought out as the learners seek guidance in understanding language structures.



Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s)
2.1 Listening and Speaking	2.1.1 Listening for comprehension (6. lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify the main theme from an audio text, b) extract relevant information from oral interactions, c) show enthusiasm while listening to various audio texts on different topics.	<ul> <li>The learner is guided to:</li> <li>listen to audio sounds to differentiate sounds /u/ as in ou, vous, nous and /y/ as in tu, du, vu</li> <li>listen collaboratively to an audio text and give a summary of location of different items in the home,</li> <li>answer questions from an audio text on location of different items in the home(Où est la table? Elle est devant la porte),</li> <li>draw a layout of a home from information gotten from an audio text.</li> <li>take turns with peers in giving directions on how to reach their homes, (D'abord, allez tout droit, puis, tournez à gaucheLa maison est en face de l'hôpital)</li> </ul>	How can you locate different items in the home?



identify effects of elements of weather
on the environment from information
obtained from an audio text.

Creativity and imagination: This is developed as learners synthesize information and use imagination to create images of various occurrences.

#### Values:

Unity: This is nurtured as the learner cooperates with peers in listening to audio texts to get summary of recorded information.

## **Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):**

Safety and security: This is brought about as the learner gains knowledge on importance of security and safety measures to take as they go to various destinations.



Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key
		Outcomes		Inquiry
				Question(s)
2.1 Reading	2.2 Reading for	By the end of the Sub	The learner is guided to:	Where are items
	comprehension	Strand, the learner should	• read home layouts and associate	and objects in your
		be able to:	places and rooms in the homes	home located?
	(6 Lessons)	a) use correct language	with their locations, jointly,	
		expressions to respond	• read and answer comprehension	
		to questions on the	questions on the location of	
		given texts,	rooms and objects in a home, in	
		b) interpret information	pairs,	
		from written texts using	<ul> <li>fill in blanks spaces in texts</li> </ul>	
		the appropriate	with expressions on location of	
		language,	places, rooms and objects at	
		c) c) appreciate the	home,	
		importance of reading	<ul> <li>observe and identify images</li> </ul>	
		texts.	with weather elements, with	
			peers,	
			read weather charts and	
			associate the weather elements	
			to particular places (Kakamega-	
			la pluie),	



<ul> <li>rearrange jumbled words to         form expressions on weather,in         pairs,</li> <li>read aloud texts on locations of         places and elements of weather</li> </ul>
appreciate elements of weather-     j'aime le soleil)

Critical thinking and problem solving: This is developed as the learner engages in reflective thinking and critical observation to make connections between places and their locations.

#### Values:

Responsibility: This is nurtured as the learner displays hard work in reading texts and responding to questions.

## Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

Self-awareness: This is brought about as the learner shows appreciation for weather elements in their environment.



Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key
		Outcomes		Inquiry Question(s)
2.0Writing	2.3 Guided	By the end of the Sub	The learner is guided to:	Why is the
	writing	Strand, the learner should	• locate different items in a house	arrangement of items
		be able to:	using prepositions (dans, entre	important in a house?
	(6 lessons)	a) classify nouns and	,devant etc)	
		prepositions in a	• label in writing the items which are	
		guided writing	normally found in the kitchen and	
		assignment,	stick them on the classroom board.	
		b) construct statements in	write sentences with vocabulary of	
		guided writing	items in a house and where they are	
		exercises,	normally placed,	
		c) appreciate the use of	• fill in the blanks on an improvised	
		prepositions and	weather report using nouns related	
		nouns in writing tasks.	to weather ( la pluie, le vent, le	
			soleil etc)	
			reconstruct in writing jumbled up	
			statements with nouns which are	
			related to weather.	

Self-efficacy: The learner is guided to choose tasks which are eventually done when the grammatical task is completed.



## Values:

Responsibility: The learners performing the writing task on how various items are placed in a home gives them some subtle orientation on responsibility.

## **Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):**

Self – awareness: The learners display this tenet when they are able to locate and situate items within their space or locality.



Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key
		Outcomes		Inquiry Question(s)
2.0	2.4 Grammar (10 lessons)	By the end of the Sub Strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify prepositions and noun classes from the grammatical exercises, b) apply the prepositions and nouns within grammatical context, c) show an interest in two aspects of the grammatical structure.	<ul> <li>The learner is guided to:</li> <li>present images, diagrams and physical objects to illustrate the prepositions (la tasse est sur la table, Mon lit est dans la chambre, etc).</li> <li>do matching games where they pair prepositions with the correct nouns using an improvised house plan,</li> <li>fill in the blank exercises to place the appropriate prepositions,</li> <li>Present sentence scrambles which contain prepositions which should be reordered correctly,</li> <li>Complete the blanks with the correct preposition in a text. (dans, sur, derrier, devant, dehors)</li> <li>categorize nouns which deal with weather and display them on an</li> </ul>	Why are prepositions important in the study of grammar?



	improvised weather chart of a	
	country, region or county.	

Communication and collaboration: The learner is encouraged to use the nouns and prepositions in an organized order as these grammatical structures are studied in class.

#### Values:

Integrity: The learner takes responsibility for learning actions as they perform the grammatical exercises and make amends or corrections when directed by the teachers. (show how integrity is nurtured)

## **Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):**

Self-awareness: The learner develops a sense of self-assurance as the use prepositions appropriately in a grammatical task.



Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s)
3.1 Listening and Speaking	3.1. Listening for comprehension  (6. lessons)	By the end of the Sub Strand, the learner should be able to: d) Respond to questions from an audio text to demonstrate understanding. e) Interpret information from audio text for effective communication. f) Show willingness to listen to a variety of audio texts	<ul> <li>The learner is guided to:</li> <li>associate the means of transport from audio stimuli to pictures on flashcards,</li> <li>listen to audio materials with vocabulary on means of transport and answer comprehension questions ( une voiture, un avion, un train, une moto, un vélo etc.)</li> <li>listen to an audio recording on safety measures to be observed when traveling and share the information with peers,</li> <li>fill in travel documents with information given in an audio text</li> <li>use expressions from an audio text to describe how they travel (Je voyage en train, je prends un bus,</li> </ul>	What means of transport do you use for travel?



Je vais à pied, j'utilise une moto pour aller à l'école)  • search online for audio visual materials on making reservations and explain the key points to their peers  • role play making a travel booking ( Réserver une place; au guichet ou conversation téléphonique)
• listen to audio texts to practise words with sounds /ε/ and /e/

Learning to learn: The learner shares what they have learnt from listening to an audio text on safety measures while traveling.

#### Values:

Responsibility: This is brought out as the learner offers guidance to others by explaining key points to their peers on how to make reservations.

## Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

Self awareness: This is enhanced through effective communication when giving details during making a reservation.



Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s)
3.0 Reading	3.2 Reading for comprehension (6 lessons)	By the end of the Sub Strand, the learner should be able to: a) recognize key elements from simple texts and respond to questions, b) use information from texts and answer questions, c) exhibit enthusiasm for finding meanings of words from a variety of texts.	<ul> <li>The learner is guided to:</li> <li>pick out vocabulary on means of transport and travel documents from simple texts and writeups, collaboratively, [une voiture, un vélo, une véhicule, un billet, un passeport, etc.]</li> <li>source for a variety of texts on internet and find more means of transport and expressions of travel, collectively,</li> <li>read texts on means of transport and safety and discuss the information needed, with peers, [il faut attacher le ceinture, mettre la casquette, faire attention aux règles routière, etc.]</li> <li>look up for meanings of words from simple texts, with a partner and match them to the correct ones. [Je</li> </ul>	How do you move around?



voyage à moto – je me déplace à moto]  • underline expressions on means of transport, travel and making reservations, from simple dialogues and texts, jointly, [Je vais à l'école
à vélo, je voyage en bus, j'achète un billet, est-ce qu'il y a une siège j'utilise un taxi pour]

Self-efficacy: This is developed as learners clearly outline the procedures of making a reservation.

#### Values:

Responsibility: Learners shows awareness of the safety measures to be taken while using certain means of transport.

## **Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):**

Safety and security: This is nurtured as learners talks about means of transport, they often use outlining safety measures they take in order to avoid accidents.



Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key
		Outcomes		Inquiry
				Question(s)
3.3 Writing	<b>3.3:1 Guided</b>	By the end of the Sub	The learner is guided to:	Why do you
	writing	Strand, the learner should	• source from the internet and write	choose means
		be able to:	the vocabulary on means of	of transport?
	(6. lessons)	a) list common words	transport, [le bus, le train la moto,	
		with orthography,	le taxi, l'avion, le bateau, le	
		b) create simple sentences	cheval],	
		using language	rearrange letters to make words on	
		structures,	vocabulary of means of transport,	
		c) appreciate the role of	with peers,	
		guided writing in	write down simple texts on safety	
		simple texts.	measures in transport [attacher,	
			boucler la ceinture de sécurité,	
			mettre le casque],	
			• using guided pictures, write simple	
			sentences of likes and dislikes on	
		means of transport.		
			Fill crosswords and word puzzles	
			on means of transport,	

Digital literacy: This is brought out as the learner confidently sources information from the internet.



## Values:

Unity: This is acquired when the learners work together harmoniously as they arrange letters to make words

## Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs): Safety and security:

This is nurtured as the learner uses the internet responsibly to access the required vocabulary.





Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning	<b>Suggested Learning Experiences</b>	Suggested Key
		Outcomes		<b>Inquiry Question(s)</b>
3.4 Grammar	3.4 Grammar	By the end of the Sub	The learner is guided to:	How do you create
	(10 lessons)	Strand, the learner	<ul> <li>conjugate verbs for use in</li> </ul>	correct sentences?
		should be able to:	prescribed contexts of	
		a) Identify the form of	communication. voyager, aller,	
		verb to use for a	arriver, utiliser, prendre, acheter,	
		specific situation of	réserver,	
		communication.	• source for and play safe online	
		b) Select the language	interactive games on the	
		structure suitable	conjugation of verbs related to	
		for a given context	transport,	
		of communication	• choose the correct preposition to	
		c) Appreciate the	indicate the means of travel (Je	
		importance of	vais à pied, je vais en bus),	
		grammar for	• construct simple sentences related	
		effective	to means of transport (je prends	
		communication	un bus, je voyage en avion,	
			j'utilise une moto),	
			• express obligation in observing	
			safety measures when using	
			means of transport: il faut +	
			infinitif, il doit + infinitif – il faut	



	<ul> <li>attacher la ceinture de sécurité, il faut mettre le casque)</li> <li>fill in personal details in travel documents observing the correct punctuation</li> </ul>
--	---

Critical thinking and problem solving: This is exhibited as learners use information provided to choose between the prepositions  $\dot{a}$  and en in writing the means of travel one uses.

### Values:

Respect: The learner appreciates diverse opinions of others during discussions

### Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

Online safety: This is observed as learners use the internet responsibly as they source for and play safe online interactive games on conjugation of verbs.



Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s)
4.1 Listening and Speaking	4.1:1 Oral expression	By the end of the Sub Strand, the learner should	The learner is guided to:  • listen to short audiovisual clips on	When do you express
and Speaking	(6. lessons)	be able to: a) exhibit     comprehension and     engagement in oral     interactions, b) use vocabulary and     expressions to engage     in oral presentations, c) express enthusiasm     in oral     communication.	different foods and repeat, (les légumes, les fruits, le poisson, la viande, e.t.c),  recite short simple poems to express likes and dislikes for certain foods,  use role play to express likes and dislikes for certain foods and drinks,  listen to audiovisual material to repeat the sounds,  /u/ sous, vous /y/ sur, vous  sing songs jointly on names of different foods and drinks,  participate in simple dialogues using vocabulary and expressions on likes and dislikes for foods and drinks,  (j'aime, j'aime beaucoup, je n'aime pas, je préfère, e.t.c).	preferences?



Self-efficacy: This is developed as learners skillfully manipulate audio-visual materials to listen to vocabulary on various types of food and drinks

### Values:

Respect: This is nurtured as learners demonstrate patience in turn taking as they participate in dialogues on vocabulary.

### **Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):**

Self-awareness: Acquired when learners demonstrate appreciation of one another's preferences.



Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s)
4.0 Reading	4.2 Reading for comprehension (6 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) associate words in reading passages with ideas they represent, b) draw on prior knowledge to recognize clues of information in a text, c) show enthusiasm of identifying ideas and making summaries of comprehension texts.	The learner is guided to:  read passages with vocabulary on foods and drinks and retell the main ideas,  differenciate healthy foods and drinks from unhealthy ones in different texts, advertisements and captions,healthy foods(les légumes, les fruits)unhealthy food(les frites, le chocolat)  make comparisons of the effects of consuming healthy and unhealthy food and drinks as they read texts with	How can you use context clues to understand what you are reading?



	•	research collaboratively by	
		reading texts on how to	
		prepare healthy meals and	
		drinks	
	•	summarize written texts with	
	4	peers on favourable foods	
		and drinks that should be	
		consumed to stay healthy.eg.(	
		des oeufs, des lentilles)	

Critical thinking and problem-solving: This is enhanced as the learner explores a complex challenge, takes time to understand it, carries out a research and explores different options to get a solution.

### Values:

Responsibility: This is nurtured as the learner shows diligence when engaging in researching to find solutions on healthy eating.

### **Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):**

Healthy practices for prevention of lifestyle diseases: The learner is sensitized on the importance of healthy living practices by choosing to eat healthy food.



Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	<b>Suggested Learning Experiences</b>	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s)
Writing	4.3 Guided writing	By the end of the Sub Strand, the learner should be able to:	<ul> <li>The learner is guided to:</li> <li>write sentences by matching expressions on foods and drinks to images/pictures,</li> </ul>	What do you eat and drink?
	(6 Lessons)	<ul> <li>a) identify expressions used to indicate foods and drinks,</li> <li>b) create short simple texts translating their ideas into written,</li> <li>c) appreciate the importance of the writing activity.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>fill in blank spaces to complete a simple story on given foods and drinks,</li> <li>construct sentences on foods and drinks using given language structures,</li> <li>summarize information in written texts on foods and drinks, collaboratively,</li> <li>write simple sentences with il faut/il ne faut pas +verbe+ +activity/food to bring out the link between health and activities/foods,</li> <li>write short dialogues on the subject: "à table and à l'hôtel", jointly,</li> <li>write simple family meal plans.</li> </ul>	

Core Competencies to be developed:

Creativity and imagination: This is developed as the learner explores new ideas when writing family meal plans.



### Values:

Respect: This is developed as the learner displays positive regard to others as he/she constructs dialogues with others.

### **Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):**

Self-awareness: The learner accepts and appreciates him/herself and his/her peers as they carry out the assigned activities together.





Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s)
	4.4 Grammar (10 lessons)	By the end of the Sub Strand, the learner should be able to:  a) select elements of grammar from simple texts,  b) write sentences with correct language structures,  c) appreciate the importance of grammar proper communication in interactions.	<ul> <li>The learner is guided to:</li> <li>make a list of vocabulary on drinks, meals and legumes, from a variety of simple structured texts, in small groups, [Le jus, le vin, le poulet, la viandeles épinards]</li> <li>match names of food items to their corresponding images, in pairs,</li> <li>construct simple sentences expressing what they want while expressing politeness, [je voudrais une tasse de thé, j'aimerais un verre de lait]</li> <li>practice using the correct adjectives of quantity in short sentences, as they match them to the images [un</li> </ul>	1.



litre d'huile, un pincé du sel, une poignée de]  • use correct forms of verbs to fill in the bank spaces in short sentences
and texts, [boire, manger, goûter, prendre, déjeuner, avoir, aimer, preferer,etc.]

**Core Competencies to be developed:** Critical and problem solving: this is enhanced as learners search and explore different options as they seek solution to the matching expressions of quantity to the right images.

### Values:

Respect: this is developed as learners appreciate diverse opinions shared towards solution suggestions amongst themselves.

### Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

Self-awareness: learners work together talking about healthy living lifestyles on meals they take.



Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key
		Outcomes		Inquiry Question(s)
5.0 Listening	<b>5.1 Interactive</b>	By the end of the Sub	The learner is guided to:	Why confidence vital
and speaking	speaking (10 lessons)	Strand, the learner should be able to: a) develop oral statements in interactive speaking, b) construct dialogues in verbal communication, c) appreciate feedback in verbal communication,	<ul> <li>organize skits in pairs on the activities to be carried out in class and present orally in class,</li> <li>prepare collaboratively, then present orally subjects being taught in class and link them to professions.</li> <li>improvise in pairs a telephone game where inquiry is made asking about the date and activities for a school function.</li> <li>source and study collaboratively audio-visual materials which contain event planning on the internet,</li> <li>present orally what was witnessed from the audio-visual content on event, planning focusing on the date, time and the actual activities.</li> </ul>	in interactive speaking?



	•	Practice pronouncing /f/ and /v/	
		sounds in context (for example	
		fille, mille, voiture, vrai )	

Communication and collaboration: The learner speaks engagingly using the facts provided as activities which involve interactive speaking are done in a collaborative manner.

#### Values:

Respect: The learner pays full attention when other are speaking without interrupting them as they wait to take their turn to communicate in learning activities which involve pair work.

### **Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):**

Self – esteem: The learner develops confidence to carry out oral presentations collaboratively as the personal skills and talents are honed with the constant practice.



Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s)
5.2 Reading	5.2 Reading for vocabulary  (6. lessons)	By the end of the Sub Strand, the learner should be able to: d) Identify related vocabulary from a written text. e) Use vocabulary acquired from read text to respond to questions and prompts. f) Display enthusiasm in reading texts to acquire vocabulary.	<ul> <li>The learner is guided to:</li> <li>pick out vocabulary from a written text. (les objets de classe - un crayon, une chaise, un cahier, une gomme),</li> <li>match vocabulary to picture flashcards jointly,</li> <li>read texts on les jours de la semaine, and use the vocabulary to ask and respond to questions (quel jour sommes-nous?) with peers,</li> <li>pick out expressions of telling time from varied written texts to ask and tell time; quelle heure est-il? Il est</li> <li>select school activities highlighted in varied written</li> </ul>	Why do we learn vocabulary from written texts?



materials and tell when they take place,  choose vocabulary of school subjects in written texts and match to images on flash cards, search online for school
information with peers, • source for written texts on
school routine and find related vocabulary jointly.

Communication and collaboration – This is developed as the learner participates actively in group activities to source for written materials and identify vocabulary from them.

### Values:

Unity – this is nurtured as the learner works harmoniously with other group members to accomplish assigned tasks

### Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):

Self-esteem – This is exhibited as the learner confidently volunteers to share information sourced online on school timetables



Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s)
	5.3 Guided writing (6 lessons)	By the end of the Sub Strand, the learner should be able to: a) write short texts with correct orthography, b) create simple texts with correct language patterns, c) value the importance of writing using the correct language patterns.	<ul> <li>The learner is guided to:</li> <li>make a list of objects in the classroom, jointly, [les affaires scolaires – le pupitre, le tableau interactif, la fenêtre, la porte, les cahiers, etc.]</li> <li>indicate time on different school activities, [La natation est à 5h00 du soir]</li> <li>make a personal timetable indicating subjects and the time they are taught,</li> <li>complete a short description of different school activities including moments of the day, days of the week and time [Lundi le matin, je nettoie la salle de classe, à huit heures, je commence mes cours]</li> </ul>	How do you carry outage your duties?



<ul> <li>write simple school routines on dathe week and subject, in small gro         [le lundi, j'ai l'histoire et la bilog.</li> <li>fill in the blank spaces with the conform of the articles [les articles de et indéfinis: le, la,l',les, un, une, de</li> </ul>	oups, ie] orrect éfinis
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Critical thinking and problem solving: brought out as learners makes their personal routines in order to improve on time management.

### Values:

Unity: this is developed as learners work together making schedules.

### Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):



SUGGESTED VOCABULARY:					
Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s)	
5.4 Grammar	5.4.1 Language structures (12 lessons)	By the end of the Sub Strand, the learner should be able to: d) identify elements of grammar in simple texts, e) construct simple sentences with right language structures, f) value the importance of language structure in communication.	<ul> <li>The learner is guided to:</li> <li>use days of the week and months of the year to ask and say the date in sentences. [     Quel jour sommes-nous? Nous sommes]</li> <li>fill in the blank spaces with the appropriate indefinite and definite article in identification of the objects in the classroom.</li> <li>rearrange jumbled up words to make simple texts on the school activities,</li> <li>write simple texts about the school activities in the week,</li> <li>express preference of the learning area by constructing</li> </ul>	Why is it essential to tell the date?	



	simple sentences [j'aime le
	français, je préfère les
	mathématiques].
Core Competencies to be developed	:
Creativity and imagination: This deve	loped when the learner writes simple texts about the school activities in the week.
Values:	
Responsibility: This is enhanced as the	e learners take care of the items found in their classroom.
Pertinent and Contemporary Issue	s (PCIs):
Self-awareness: This is brought out as	the learners ask and tell date.



THEME	60	WORLD	OF	RUSIN	IESS.	<b>SHOPPING</b>
	$\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{v}$	WONLD	$\mathbf{v}$	DUDIL	ULODO.	

## SUGGESTED VOCABULARY:

				<b>T</b>
Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key
		Outcomes		Inquiry
				<b>Question</b> (s)
<b>6.1 Listening</b>	6.1.1 Interactive	By the end of the Sub	The learner is guided to:	Why do you
and speaking	speaking	Strand, the learner	listen to audio stimuli and speak	choose a
		should be able to:	on different types of shops [	shopping place?
	(10 lessons)	a) respond to	magasin, kiosque, supermarché,	
		questions and	marchés,]	
		prompts for	listen to and sing songs with	
		effective	vocabulary on items sold at the	
		interaction.	market	
		b) use vocabulary and	participate in role play as a	
		expressions in oral	shopkeeper and a customer in a	
		interactions	shop to enhance oral skills,	
		c) grow interest in	• recite simple poems to describe	
		participating	goods sold in the market on	
		actively in simple	colour, sizes and price,	
		oral interactions	Listen to and repeat words from	
			audio stimuli on quantities and	



•	measure of different items from the market,  • Articulate words properly in oral interactions. [/s/ son, serviette /v/ vous, veste
---	--

Communication and collaboration: This is brought out when the learner participates in role play as a shopkeeper and a customer.

### Values:

Responsibility: This is nurtured as the learners recite simple poems.

### **Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):**

Consumer awareness: This is brought as learners role play buying and selling of goods.



SUGGESTE	D VOCABULARY	Y:		
Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s)
6.2 Reading	6.2:1 Reading for vocabulary (6 lessons)	By the end of the Sub Strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify vocabulary from read texts b) use information from read simple texts c) exhibit confidence in reading through a variety of simple texts	<ul> <li>The learner is guided to:</li> <li>read simple texts to select vocabulary on shopping (une boucherie, une pharmacie, une boutique, couleurs e.t.c),</li> <li>record themselves while reading simple texts with vocabulary on shopping as peers assess them,</li> <li>participate in card games to select words and expressions on shopping by reading, (,beaucoup de,peu de,combien de, faire les achats, ça fait coûte combien? e.t.c),</li> <li>Pick out expressions on shopping from simple written texts to construct sentences</li> </ul>	Why is it important to learn reading?



Source and read sentences containing	
words on shopping from digital	
devices on shopping, in small groups	

Self- efficacy: This is developed as learners confidently assess one another while reading simple texts.

#### Values:

Responsibility: This is brought out as learners responsibly manipulate electronic devices to record their reading of simple texts.

### **Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):**

Safety and security: Developed when learners responsibly source for sentences on the internet.



Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s)
6.0 Reading	6.3 Guided writing (6 lessons)	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) identify different information and relate it to different contexts, b) change visual representation of ideas to text, c) show enthusiasm in entrepreunership and wise spending.	<ul> <li>The learner is guided to:</li> <li>Write down lists of different items found in different shops(des vêtements, des chaussures, des meubles)</li> <li>write collaboratively short texts on activities done at shopping centres using vocabulary of buying and selling( acheter, vendre, coûter,</li> <li>Write dialogues between sellers and a buyers in shops; include prices, modes of payment, quantities, weights and measurements of goods (Je voudrais un kilo de sucre, une bouteille de vin)</li> <li>create a story from an image on a visit to a shopping centre</li> </ul>	Why is it important to have writing skills?



|--|

Creativity and imagination: This is enhanced when the learner comes up with new and innovative ways of doing tasks as they create texts from images.

#### Values:

Integrity: This is nurtured as the learner displays honesty when giving the right measurement, quantities and prices of goods in a shopping experience.

### **Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs):**

Financial literacy: The learner is sensitized on entrepreneurship and wise spending of money.



Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Suggested Key Inquiry Question(s)
	6.4 Grammar (12 Lessons)	By the end of the Sub Strand, the learner should be able to: a) construct sentences with correct language structures, b) describe items using correct language patterns c) appreciate the role of grammatical elements in effective communication.	<ul> <li>The learner is guided to:</li> <li>make kind requests by use of the polite form of the verb "vouloir" in pairs,</li> <li>associate expressions of quantity with given nouns (un kilo de viande),</li> <li>fill in the open spaces with the correct adjectives describing goods and cloths (couleur, taille, nombres ordinaux)</li> <li>construct sentences using given expressions of shopping (faire les achats/les courses/les</li> </ul>	What description can you give to the items that you buy from shops and markets in terms of size, colour, weight?
			<ul> <li>achats/les courses/les provisions),</li> <li>construct mini dialogues using demonstrative adjectives (ce,</li> </ul>	



	cette), interrogative adjectives,
	relative pronouns (quel,
	quellelequel, laquelle) and
	demonstrative pronouns (celui,
	celle-ci),
	• practice conjugation of verbs
	matching personal pronouns to the
	correct form of the verbs with peers
	(j'achète, j'essaie, il coûte),
	• practice role plays on the topics:
	"sur le marché" and "dans un
	magasin" to practice the language
	structures used when buying and
	selling,
	appreciate him/herself as he/she
	carries out learning tasks.
Core Competencies to be developed:	

Learning to learn: This is developed as the learner collaboratively practices role playing on buying and selling.

### Values:

Love: This is nurtured as the learner uses kind language in soliciting for services in buying and selling scenarios.

Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs): Self-esteem: This is brought about as the learner accepts and appreciates him/herself as he/she carries out learning tasks.



### SUGGESTED ASSESSMENT RUBRIC

## **Listening comprehension**

<b>Levels Indicators</b>	Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Ability to use vocabulary and expressions in oral interactions	The learner uses varied vocabulary and expressions in oral interactions	The learner uses the targeted vocabulary and expressions in oral interactions	The learner some of the targeted vocabulary and expressions in oral interactions	The learner uses minimum targeted vocabulary and expressions in oral interactions
Ability to speak the language with correct pronunciation, intonation, rhythm and articulation in oral expression	The learner uses correct pronunciation, intonation, rhythm and articulation at all times in oral expression.	The learner uses appropriate pronunciation, intonation, rhythm and articulation in oral expression.	The learner uses fairly good pronunciation, intonation, rhythm and articulation in oral expression.	The learner uses fair pronunciation, intonation, rhythm and articulation in oral expression.
Ability to respond to questions and prompts in oral interactions	The learner responds to all questions and prompts to show comprehension and engagement	The learner responds to some questions and prompts to show comprehension and engagement	The learner responds to few questions and prompts to show comprehension and engagement	The learner responds to very few questions and prompts to show comprehension and engagement.



<b>Levels Indicators</b>	Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	Below Expectation
Ability to extract and interpret information from oral interactions	The learner appropriately extracts and interprets information from oral interactions.	The learner satisfactorily extracts and interprets information from oral interactions	The learner extracts and interprets information from oral interactions to some extent.	The learner extracts and interprets information from oral interactions with some difficulties.
Ability to display willingness to participate in oral interactions	The learner is always willing to participate in meaningful oral interactions	The learner is willing to participate in meaningful oral interactions	The learner is at times hesitant to participate in meaningful oral interactions	The learner is mostly hesitant to participate in meaningful oral interactions



## Reading

Levels	Exceeds	Meets Expectation	Approaches	<b>Below Expectation</b>
	Expectation		Expectation	
Indicators				
Ability to derive	The learner derives	The learner derives	The learner derives	The learner derives
meaning of	meaning of words	meaning of words	meaning of words from	meaning of words from
vocabulary and	from all targeted	from all targeted	most of the targeted	very few of the targeted
expressions from	vocabulary and	vocabulary and	vocabulary and	vocabulary and
simple texts	expressions from	expressions from	expressions from simple	expressions from
	simple texts at all	simple texts most of	texts.	simple texts.
	times.	the time.		
Ability to respond	The learner responds	The learner responds	The learner responds to	The learner responds to
correctly to	correctly to all	correctly to all	most of the questions to	very few questions to
questions on	questions and goes	questions and shows	show comprehension	show comprehension
selected written	further to give	comprehension and	and engagement	and engagement
texts.	appropriate	engagement.		
	illustrations and			
	examples.			
Ability to display	The learner is always	The learner is always	The learner at times	The learner is mostly
willingness to	willing to participate	willing to participate	participates in reading	hesitant to participate in
participate in	in reading different	in reading different	different types of texts.	reading different types
reading different	types of texts.	types of texts.		of texts.
type of texts.	Encourages others to			
	engage in reading.			



## Writing

Levels	<b>Exceeds Expectation</b>	Meets	Approaches	<b>Below Expectation</b>
Indicators		Expectation	Expectation	
Ability to use correct punctuation and orthography to produce written texts	The learner uses correct punctuation and orthography all the time to produce written texts	The learner uses correct punctuation and orthography to produce written texts	The learner uses correct punctuation and orthography most of the time to produce written texts	The learner uses correct punctuation and orthography very few times to produce written texts
Ability to maintain correct language structures (structure of words and sentences)	The learner maintains accurate use of language structures all through; structure of words and sentences are correct all the time.	The learner maintains correct use of language structures; (structure of words and sentences)	The learner maintains use of language structures making few errors; (structure of words and sentences)	The learner maintains use of language structures making many errors; (structure of words and sentences)
Ability to use correct vocabulary and expressions to write texts	The learner appropriately uses a wide variety of vocabulary and expressions to write texts	The learner uses a variety of vocabulary and expressions to write texts	The learner uses vocabulary and expressions to write texts	The learner uses limited vocabulary and expressions to write texts



Ability to write coherent sentences and texts	The learner consistently writes coherent sentences and texts in a wide variety of contexts.	The learner consistently writes coherent sentences and	The learner often writes coherent sentences and texts	The learner scarcely writes coherent sentences and texts
		texts		
Ability to exhibit	The learner always	The learner	The learner hesitates to	The learner mostly
interest to produce	exhibits interest to	exhibits interest to	exhibit interest to	hesitates to exhibit
written texts	produce varied written	produce written	produce written texts.	interest to produce
	texts. Encourages others	texts.		written texts.
	to engage in oral			
	interactions.			



### Grammar

Levels	<b>Exceeds Expectation</b>	<b>Meets Expectation</b>	Approaches	<b>Below Expectation</b>
	_		Expectation	_
Indicators				
Ability to use grammar	The learner uses grammar	The learner uses	The learner uses	The learner has
and syntax. Correct use	and syntax well adhering	grammar and	grammar and syntax	extremely minimal
of verb tenses,	to the correct use of verb	syntax with	in a fairly good way	mastery of grammar
conjugations. Accurate	tenses, conjugations,	minimal challenges	however has	and syntax. Does not
sentence structure and	Ensures accurate sentence	adhering to fairly	challenges with the	use the verb tenses
word order. Proper use	structure and proper use	correct use of verb	correct use of verb	correctly. Confuses
of the French articles	of French articles	tenses,	tenses conjugations,	the sentence structure
		conjugations,	accurate sentence	and word order.
		displays fairly	and word order and	Literally confuses the
		accurate sentence	does not use the	French articles.
		structure and proper	French articles	
		use of French	accurately	
		articles		
Ability to use a large of	The learner display	The learner is able	The learner is able	The learner is unable
vocabulary and	competence at using a	to manage with	to manage the large	to manipulate the
idiomatic expressions	large range of vocabulary	relative ease the	range of vocabulary	large range of
and spelling accuracy,	and idiomatic expressions	large range of	and idiomatic	vocabulary and
	and spelling accuracy.	vocabulary and	expressions with	idiomatic expressions.
		idiomatic	quite a number of	The spelling accuracy
		expressions and	errors which will	has many errors.



Levels	<b>Exceeds Expectation</b>	<b>Meets Expectation</b>	Approaches Expectation	<b>Below Expectation</b>
Indicators			Expectation	
		spelling. Minimal errors can be detected.	also be present in the spelling accuracy	
Ability to use Coherence and Cohesion in grammatical structures. Logical flow and organization of ideas.	The learner displays coherence and cohesion in grammatical structures and logical flow and organization of ideas with relative ease.	The learner displays coherence and cohesion in grammatical and logical flow and organization of ideas some challenges.	The learner displays coherence and cohesion in grammatical and logical flow of ideas with quite a number of errors.	The learner displays coherence and cohesion in grammatical and logical flow of ideas with too many errors.
Ability to use content and creativity well based on a given topic applying relevant grammatical structures.	The learner uses content and creativity well based on a given topic applying relevant grammatical structures extremely well.	The learner uses content and creativity based on a given topic applying relevant grammatical structures with extremely minimal errors.	The learner uses content and creativity based on a given topic applying relevant grammatical structures with quite a number of errors.	The leaner uses content and creativity based on a given topic applying grammatical structures with excessive errors.



# APPENDIX: SUGGESTED ASSESSEMNT METHODS, LEARNING RESOURCES AND NON-FORMAL ACTIVITIES

Suggested Assessment Methods	<b>Suggested Learning Resources</b>	Suggested Non-formal Activities
Oral descriptions	• Charts	• Songs
<ul> <li>Image matching and sorting</li> </ul>	Video clips	<ul> <li>Recitation of poems</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Physical identification of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Video games</li> </ul>	Role plays and simulation
objects	• up grids	Games e.g., hide and seek and
<ul> <li>Filling in missing letters. –</li> </ul>	Word puzzles	board games
<ul> <li>Filling in missing words. –</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Flashcards (words or games)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Peer education; practice with</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Sounding words. –</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Maps - Short stories</li> </ul>	peers
<ul> <li>Rearranging jumbled up words</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Real objects (home objects)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Participation in French club</li> </ul>
or phrases Spelling; oral and	<ul> <li>Audio recordings - Pictures</li> </ul>	activities
written Writing Mimicking	<ul><li>Poems - Songs</li></ul>	
through role-play. —	Chalkboard	
<ul> <li>Reading aloud.</li> </ul>	Word wheel	
• Answering simple questions. –	<ul> <li>Name tags and labels</li> </ul>	
• Word searches.	Word searches	
<ul> <li>Word puzzles.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Journals - Computer</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>House floor plans</li> </ul>	







### KENYA INSTITUTE OF CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

Desai Road, off Murang'a Road.

P.O.Box 30231-00100 Nairobi, Kenya.

Telephone: +254(020)3749900-9,3748204,3747994

Fax:+254(020)3639130

Email: info@kicd.ac.ke, Website: www.kicd.ac.ke